

Artificial Intelligence (AI) image decision support software use in stroke care

Darrien Bold	Ingrid Kane
National Digital and AI Lead for Stroke	Consultant Stroke Physician
NHS England & Improvement	University Hospitals Sussex NHS Foundation Trust
darrien.bold1@nhs.net	i.kane@nhs.net

NHS England and NHS Improvement



The NHS Long Term Plan will increase the range of digital health tools and services

"Digitally enabled care will go mainstream across the NHS. Virtually every aspect of modern life has been, and will continue to be, radically reshaped by innovation and technology – and healthcare is no exception. Technology is continually opening up new possibilities for prevention, care and treatment."

"We are also investing in improving NHS IT systems and in developing new technology." 3.78. National support for the scaling of technology will assist the expansion of life-changing treatments to more patients. This includes the use of CT perfusion scans to assess the reversibility of brain damage, improved access to MRI scanning and the potential use of artificial intelligence interpretation of CT and MRI scans to support dinical decisions regarding suitability for thrombolysis and thrombectomy. Interoperable information systems supported by telehealth will aid more timely transfer of information between providers, enabling more effective hyper-acute pathways and improving access to and intensity of rehabilitation.

Milestones for stroke care

- In 2019 we will, working with the Royal Colleges, pilot a new credentialing programme for hospital consultants to be trained to offer mechanical thrombectomy.
- By 2020 we will begin improved post-hospital stroke rehabilitation models, with full roll-out over the period of this Long Term Plan.
- By 2022 we will deliver a ten-fold increase in the proportion of patients who
 receive a thrombectomy after a stroke so that each year 1,600 more people
 will be independent after their stroke.
- By 2025 we will have amongst the best performance in Europe for delivering thrombolysis to all patients who could benefit.









National Stroke Service Model

Integrated Stroke Delivery Networks May 2021



The National Stroke Service Model (NSSM) was published in May 2021, outlining best practice stroke care for the NHS.

- Since April 2021, 20 Integrated Stroke Delivery Networks have been established with accountable governance structures in place.
- These are the key vehicles for transforming stroke care across the country.
- One of the main functions of ISDNs is to identify, coordinate and sustain change for their local population.
- The model details the overarching objectives and governance of an ISDN as well as outlining the optimal pathway for joined-up stroke care.
- Best practice personalised stroke pathways should be configured and managed
- Image sharing between centres within and external to each ISDN should be optimised to provide timely patient-centred decisions



Key lessons from implementation



The challenges faced during the adoption and installation of AI software over the past year are summarised below. Many of these were exacerbated by the pandemic, in terms of stretched resources, restrictions on certain ways of working and conflicting priorities.

Hot topics for consideration	Lessons learned and support in place
Embryonic technology	 Peer support from other sites – sharing of materials and processes Training from suppliers Support from regional digital teams
Information governance	 Nationally endorsed and standardised documentation Online guidance – e.g. NHSX Digital Technology Assessment Criteria Early engagement at ISDN level with nominated IG leads
Clinical safety requirements	 Close collaboration with suppliers and sharing of information at initiation stage Ensure effective application of standards during deployment, use or maintenance of IT Systems Not to be conflated with information governance requirements
Workforce engagement	 Engagement with radiology, PACS and CT leads pre-deployment Assign operational lead for project coordination Development of webinars and case studies
Digital maturity	 Task and finish group format to review resourcing upfront Collaboration across ISDNs Alignment with local digital strategies
迷 Workflows	 ISDN discussions at outset to optimise regional approval process Engagement with wider stroke and radiology communities Review of activity across networks
Sustainability	 Procurement support Long-term strategy for ISDN planning – locally tailored optimisation Evaluation – technical assessment, quality improvement and economic review

National Optimal Stroke Imaging Pathway



Our recommendations include:	Implement the National Optimal Stroke Imaging Pathway
	 Perform a gap analysis of current imaging practice against NOSIP, agree local plans and actively monitor progress towards implementation.
	Consider community diagnostic hubs for the delivery of TIA imaging.
	 Provide infrastructure, training and technology to share images between hospitals and clinicians to support image interpretation

Perform a gap analysis of current imaging practice against NOSIP

- Conduct a benchmark exercise at ISDN level
- Self-assessment process to derive locally agreed view of the current position
- Propose a local delivery plan
- Work with national team towards full implementation

Provide infrastructure, training and technology to share images between hospitals and clinicians to support image interpretation

- Ensure rapid inter-hospital sharing of imaging is available
- Provide training / workshops to support stroke clinicians to interpret imaging
- Achieve full roll-out of Al decision support software (with training)





Deploying e-Stroke in Sussex

Benefits to patients







Benefits to users







